

· 前沿进展 ·

ST 段抬高型心肌梗死治疗的研究进展

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【摘要】 ST 段抬高型心肌梗死 (STEMI) 是指冠状动脉粥样硬化斑块导致血栓形成、冠状动脉狭窄或闭塞而引发的心肌缺血、坏死, 临床主要采用再灌注治疗。溶栓治疗和经皮冠状动脉介入术 (PCI) 是 STEMI 再灌注治疗的主要方法, 各具优势和不足。本文对 STEMI 的治疗进展进行了综述, 以期临床更有效地治疗 STEMI 提供参考。

【关键词】 心肌梗死; 治疗; 综述

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